The number of individuals who want to lately have a baby is dramatically increasing worldwide. There are various reasons why this trend could happen, and it could have different impacts on families and communication.

This phenomenon contributes to a variety of reasons in terms of economic and family perspectives. From an economic perspective, young married couples need stability in their workplaces and the level of earning money. Affording family appropriately is a basic human need, so the young generation would prefer to stabilize their salaries and households’ expenditure before having children. From a family perspective, both wife and husband have to take the responsibilities of bringing up children. Therefore, they might separate these responsibilities based on personal preferences and job prospects. Obviously, the parent who makes less money should be better to quit a job in favor of looking after their offspring, and the other spouse would provide the household’s expenditures.

This current issue might have several influences on the family and society. Firstly, due to a decline in the number of babies, the average age of society is growing. Thus, the proportion of active and productive people at work will drop in the future. Such occasions impose pressure on the taxpayers who work more time to compensate for the loss of young workforces. The further impact is about adults’ pregnancy chance. If a young couple decided to have a baby in the later time of their lives, they would expose to problems in their fertility. This difficulty would lead to putting a heavy burden on the governments to provide such citizens with healthcare services, which needs more funds to allocate.

In conclusion, having children in the late 30s or 40s adults’ lives have varied reasons and result in a wide range of effects on the community and family.