The provided line graph compares recycling pace for paper and cardboard, glass containers, aluminum cans and plastics between 1982 and 2010 in a particular country.

At the first glance, it is clear that the reusing rate for this materials increased. Recycling for aluminum soared and proportion of reprocessing for plastics remained relatively stable.

The ratio of paper and cardboard that were recycled fluctuated between 60% and 70 % and reached the apex equal to 80% during first 12 years. The reusing pace for glass container gradually decreased and touched the lowest point in 1990 (40%). Between 1994 and 2010, while reprocessing rate for paper and cardboard decreased, the reusing pace for glass containers increased and ended at 70% and 60%, respectively.

In 1986, recycling proportion for aluminum cans and plastics started at 1986 and 1990 with the recycling pace equal to approximately 5% and just under 5%, respectively. While both of them progressively increased, recycling rate for aluminum cans ended at above 40% and reusing pace for plastics ended at under 10%