The chart below gives information about the production of grains, measured in million metric tons, from the years 2015 to 2035.

**Production of Grains (2015–2035)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Grain** | **2015** | **2020** | **2025** | **2030** | **2035** |
| Wheat | 100 | 105 | 107 | 108 | 110 |
| Barley | 50 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
| Maize | 34 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 35 | 35 |
| Rice | 24.7 | 24.3 | 24.5 | 25 | 25.5 |

The quantities shown are in million metric tons.

This table shows the amounts of 4 produced grains in 2015, 2020, and prediction for 2025, 2030 and 2035.

Overall, the main produced grain is wheat with more than 100 million metric tons of production in each specific year. The production of barley has the most crucial changes during the period shown.

As it is shown, wheat production is going to increase by 10 million metric tons from 100 million metric tons by 2035. Barley, as the second most produced grain, is going to increase by 10 to 20 million metric tons in each five-year period and it will rise twofold from 50 to 100 million tons until 2035.

Maize, as the third most produced grain, is predicted to increase to 35 million metric tons from 34 million tons. Rice, as the least produced grain, is going to rise by less than 1 million metric tons and it will reach 25.5 over the 20-year period.

Close to 6

Rater’s comments:

You had some grammatical and vocabulary related errors

Good coherence and structure